

**Research Excellence Framework** 

Welcome to the REF 2029 Town Hall on the guidance for the Volume Measure & **Codes of Practice** 



Research Excellence Framework

## **REF 2029 Town Hall** Volume measure guidance Codes of practice guidance

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## What is the Research Excellence Framework?

#### REF is owned and led by the four UK higher education funding bodies









- It:
  - informs allocation of around £2bn of block-grant funding each year
  - provides accountability for public investment in research
  - continually evolves, alongside our research base
  - (given the connection to allocation of funds) inevitably drives behaviour and therefore is a significant policy instrument across the UK



## Principles and functions for REF 2029:

#### 1. REF should fulfil the following purposes:

- Inform the allocation of blockgrant research funding to HEIs based on research quality
- Provide accountability for public investment in research and produce evidence of the benefits of this investment
- Provide insight into the health of research in HEIs in the UK.

#### 2. REF should underpin:

- A research system that produces high-quality, rigorous research that is open to all;
- An inclusive and collaborative research system that supports a diversity of people, ideas, institutions, methodologies, outputs, and activities; and
- An engaged and impactful research system that connects research with wider society to bring about positive socioeconomic change.

#### 3. REF decision making should be driven by:

- Robustness of assessment outcomes
- Impact of the system on research culture
- Ensuring that the **bureaucratic burden** of the system is proportionate.



**REF**2029

From Initial Decisions published in June 2023.

## Volume Measure Guidance

#### published 16 January 2025



#### What is the Volume Measure for?

#### The volume measure

- allows REF to calculate how many outputs and impact case studies an HEI should submit for each UoA, proportionate to its research capacity
- gives a **proxy** for research capacity
- provides information on size and shape of the sector
- the funding bodies **may** also use the volume measure to inform the allocation of block grant funding.
- does not determine whose outputs are "REF eligible"
  - outputs are not tied to the volume measure, encouraging the submission of a wider range of outputs



## Key changes in REF 2029

The Volume Measure will be gathered directly from the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) Staff Record

Breaking the link between individuals and the REF submission and focussing on assessment in each disciplinary area



The inclusion of a specific contract in the calculation does not dictate whether an output or impact case study can be included in the submission, or which Unit of Assessment it should be assigned to



Individual Staff Circumstances are not a feature of REF 2029, significantly reducing the burden of the exercise.

#### Technical Detail

#### **HESA Fields**

The metric used in the volume measure is derived from specific HESA fields.

#### **Contract.CONFTE**

Percentage of full-time equivalent year

#### Contract.REFQUALCON

Contracts that contribute to the volume measure

#### Contract.REFUOA2029

Identifies UoA associated with contracts

Note: contracts below 0.2 CONFTE are included in the volume measure.

REF2029

## Technical detail



#### Calculating the number of submission outputs

The volume measure is calculated by averaging the total CONFTE for the two included years of the HESA Staff record (2025-26 and 2026-27).

The number of outputs required in a submission is determined by multiplying the volume measure by 2.5 at UoA level. The result is then rounded to the nearest whole number.

- A UoA with a volume measure of 10 would need to submit 25 outputs (10 x 2.5 = 25)
- A UoA has a volume measure of 7.3, the submission requirement would be 18 outputs (7.3 x 2.5 = 18.25, rounded to the nearest whole number)
- A UoA has a volume measure of 5, the submission requirement would be 13 outputs (5 x 2.5 =12.5, rounded to the nearest whole number)

Note: More information to follow on calculating the number of impact case studies

#### Contracts included in the Volume Measure

- Academic staff: primary employment function 'teaching and research' (ACEMPFUN 3) or 'research only' (ACEMPFUN 2), as recorded in the HESA Staff record ACEMPFUN field.
- Payroll and REF period: the staff member is on the payroll of the submitting institution within the REF period (i.e., academic year 2025-26 to 2026-27 for the relevant HESA Staff record collections).
- Must meet criteria for SRR or RI
- Marked with REFQUALCON flag in HESA Staff record
- 'Teaching only' contracts not included



## Codes of Practice (CoP)

Institutional CoP required for REF 2029
Framework of principles for key decisions
Applied to identification of SRR and RI contracts



# Identifying Significant Responsibility for Research (SRR)

#### **Criteria for identifying SRR:**

- <sup>o</sup> Objective: Based on clear, measurable factors
- Inclusive and non-discriminatory: Applied fairly and consistently
- Transparent: Clearly communicated and accessible



## Identifying contracts with Significant Responsibility for Research (SRR)

- All eligible 'teaching and research' (ACEMPFUN 3) contracts with SRR should be included in the REF 2029 volume measure.
- Where 'teaching and research' (ACEMPFUN 3) contracts do not precisely identify all contracts with SRR, submitting HEIs must develop process, procedures and criteria for identifying SRR.
  - developed in consultation with staff and their representatives
  - documented in the institution's Code of Practice
  - contracts with SRR then marked as REFQUALCON in the HESA Staff record



## SRR definition

• Contracts with significant responsibility for research are those for whom explicit time and resources are made available to engage actively in independent research, and that is an expectation of the job role.

#### 'Explicit time and resources are made available'.

- a specific proportion of time allocated for research, as determined in the context of the institution's practices, and applied in a consistent way
- research allocation in a workload model or equivalent

#### To engage actively in independent research'.

- eligibility to apply for external research funding as the lead or co-applicant
- access to research leave or sabbaticals
- membership of research centres or institutes within the HEI

#### 'And that is an expectation of the job role'.

- current research responsibilities as indicated in, for example, career pathways or stated objectives
- expectations of research by role as indicated in, for example, job descriptions and appraisals

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# Identifying contracts with research independence (RI)

- **Research Independence** All CoP must outline policies and procedures for identifying whether Research Only contracts demonstrate research independence.
- Research independence is when the staff **member undertakes self-directed research**, rather than primarily carrying out another individual's research programme.



### Indicators of research independence

- Examples of indicators are provided in the policy
- HEIs have flexibility in setting their own criteria and documenting this in their Code of Practice.
- However, criteria and a process that routinely excludes staff who meet most of these indicators would likely be considered inappropriate.
- Research independence should be considered persistent
- Identifying research independence might vary across Units of Assessment (UoAs) due to disciplinary or employment practices.



## Allocating eligible contracts to UoAs

- UoA assignment
- Staff with multiple contracts
- Annual variation
- HESA cost centres
- Audit



#### Variations

- List of variations provided
  - $\circ$  Sabbaticals
  - $\odot$  Staff with joint HEI and NHS appointments
  - $\circ$  Pensioned staff
  - $\odot$  Unpaid leave and secondment
  - Secondment to another UK HEI
  - $\odot$  Staff on hourly or daily pay
  - $\odot$  Staff working outside the UK
  - $\circ$  Multiple contracts
- More information about sabbaticals and secondments to come.
- Help support accuracy in determining the Volume Measure



## Code of Practice Guidance

published 16 January 2025



#### Overview

#### Introduction to Code of Practice (CoP)

- Requirement for REF 2029
- Sets a minimum standard for participation
- Must be approved by funding bodies



## Principles of CoP

CoP built on three core principles:

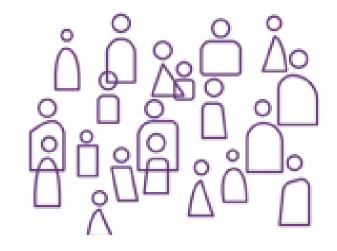




Accurate reflection of the sector

## Transparency

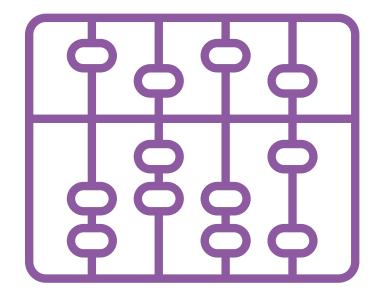
Clear decisionmaking processes

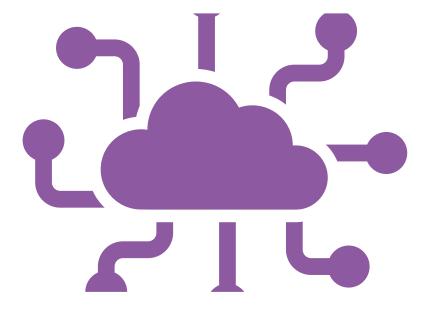


## Equity and inclusivity

Fair and impartial decisions, promoting diversity

#### CoP Guidance Modules





Volume measure January 2025 **Output selection** 

Spring/Summer 2025



#### CoP Submission and Approval

#### **Submission Window Deadlines:**

- <sup>o</sup> 1 August 2025: aiming for approved CoPs by November 2025
- 3 October 2025: aiming for approved CoPs by January 2026
- <sup>o</sup> 5 December 2025: aiming for approved CoPs by March 2026
- 6 February 2026: aiming for approved CoPs by May 2026
- Approval Timeline: Maximum 3 months



#### Policy Context

#### Key Developments:

- 。 Volume measure using HESA Staff record
- Breaking the link between individual staff members and submitted outputs
- Introduction of the People, Culture and Environment (PCE) assessment



#### CoP and PCE

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#### **Distinct but Complementary:**

- 。CoP sets minimum standards for participation
- PCE extends beyond minimum standards, promoting excellence



#### Approach to CoP Implementation

Extended Submission Window
Flexibility in HESA Data
Proportionate Approvals
Informal Support



#### Complaints and Investigations

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**Complaints Process:** For non-compliance with CoP **Corrective Actions:** For upheld complaints



#### CoP for the REF 2029 Volume Measure

#### . Tests for Inclusion:

Significant responsibility for research (SRR)
 Research independence (RI)



#### CoP Structure

#### Introduction:

- $_{\circ}$  Robustness
- Transparency
- Equity and Inclusion

#### **Policies and Procedures:**

- 。 Identifying SRR and RI
- Staff, committees, and training
- Equality Impact Assessment (EIA)



#### Policies and Procedures

Identifying Significant Responsibility for Research (SRR) Identifying Research Independence (RI) Consultation with Staff: Using appropriate representation mechanisms



### Staff, Committees, and Training

#### Staff and committees

**Roles and Responsibilities:** 

Training on Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion



### Equality Impact Assessment (EIA)

#### Mandatory EIA:

- Assessing policies and practices for identifying SRR and RI
- Analysis and Actions
- $_{\circ}~$  EIA should inform the CoP
- Publication: Final EIAs to be published



#### Feedback and Appeals

 Appeal Mechanisms: Independent and timely
 Existing Mechanisms: Tied into workload allocation and appraisals



#### Joint Submissions

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# Sharing CoPs: Across collaborating institutions

Maintaining Adherence: To each institution's CoP



#### **CoP** Review

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## Future Maintenance and Approval: Information to follow



#### Thank you and stay in touch

- Use QR code to sign up for **REF** updates straight to your inbox.
- Please visit get involved on our website to view current opportunities.
- Email us at info@ref.ac.uk if you have any suggestions about how we can improve our guidance for you.



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